
of 22 September 2010


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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>page</th>
<th>date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>L 150</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>20.5.2014</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

of 22 September 2010


THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 172 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Economic and Social Committee (1),

Having consulted the Committee of the Regions,

Acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure (2),

Whereas:

(1) The European satellite radio-navigation policy is presently implemented through the EGNOS and Galileo programmes (hereinafter the ‘programmes’).

(2) Council Regulation (EC) No 1321/2004 of 12 July 2004 on the establishment of structures for the management of the European satellite radio-navigation programmes (3), established a Community agency, called the European GNSS Supervisory Authority (hereinafter the ‘Authority’).

(3) Regulation (EC) No 683/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 on the further implementation of the European satellite navigation programmes (EGNOS and Galileo) (4) defines the new framework for the public governance and financing of the programmes. It sets out the principle of the strict division of responsibilities between the European Union, represented by the Commission, the Authority and the European Space Agency (hereinafter the ‘ESA’), granting the Commission responsibility for the management of the programmes and attributing to it the tasks originally assigned to the Authority. It also provides that the Authority, when accomplishing the tasks entrusted to it, will ensure that the role of the Commission as manager of the programmes is respected and that the Authority acts in accordance with guidelines issued by the Commission.


In view of its reduced sphere of activity, the Authority should no longer be called the ‘European GNSS Supervisory Authority’, but rather the ‘European GNSS Agency’ (hereinafter the ‘Agency’). However, the continuity of the activities of the Authority, including continuity as regards rights and obligations, staff and the validity of any decisions taken, should be ensured under the Agency.

The aims and objectives of Regulation (EC) No 1321/2004 should also be adjusted in order to reflect the fact that the Agency is no longer responsible for the management of public interests relating to the European Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS) programmes and for regulating such programmes.

The legal status of the Agency should be such as to enable it to act as a legal person in the discharge of its tasks.

It is also important to modify the tasks of the Agency, and, in this regard, to ensure that its tasks are defined in accordance with those set out in Article 16 of Regulation (EC) No 683/2008, including the possibility for the Agency to accomplish other activities that may be entrusted to it by the Commission, in order to support the Commission in the implementation of the programmes. In accordance with Article 54(2)(b) of Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1605/2002 of 25 June 2002 on the Financial Regulation applicable to the general budget of the European Communities (1), such activities could for example include following the development of coordination and consultation procedures on security-related matters, carrying out research of benefit to the development and promotion of the programmes and providing support in the development and implementation of the Public Regulated Service (PRS) pilot project.

Within its scope, its objectives and in the performance of its tasks, the Agency should comply in particular with the provisions applicable to Union institutions.

The Commission should, in the context of its mid-term review of the Galileo programme planned for 2010 as referred to in Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 683/2008, also address the issue of the governance of the programmes in the operating and exploitation phase and the role of the Agency in this context.

In order to ensure effectively the accomplishment of the tasks of the Agency, the Member States and the Commission should be represented on an Administrative Board entrusted with the necessary powers to establish the budget, verify its execution, adopt the appropriate financial rules, establish transparent working procedures for decision making by the Agency, approve its work programme and appoint the Executive Director.

It is also appropriate to include a representative of the European Parliament in the Administrative Board as a non-voting member, in view of the fact that Regulation (EC) No 683/2008 highlighted the usefulness of close cooperation between the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission.

In order to ensure that the Agency accomplishes its tasks whilst respecting the role of the Commission as manager of the programmes and in accordance with guidelines issued by the Commission, it is also important to state explicitly that the Agency should be managed by an Executive Director under the supervision of the Administrative Board, in accordance with the guidelines issued to the Agency by the Commission. It is equally important to specify that the Commission should have five representatives on the Administrative Board and that decisions regarding a limited number of tasks of the Administrative Board should not be adopted without the favourable vote of the representatives of the Commission.

The smooth functioning of the Agency requires that its Executive Director be appointed on the grounds of merit and documented administrative and managerial skills, as well as relevant competence and experience, and that he performs his duties with complete independence and flexibility in relation to the organisation of the internal functioning of the Agency. Except as regards certain activities and measures relating to security accreditation, the Executive Director should prepare and take all necessary measures to ensure the proper accomplishment of the work programme of the Agency, should prepare each year a draft general report to be submitted to the Administrative Board, should draw up a draft statement of estimates of revenues and expenditure of the Agency and implement the budget.

The Administrative Board should be empowered to take any decision which may ensure that the Agency is able to accomplish its tasks with the exception of the security accreditation tasks, which should be entrusted to a Security Accreditation Board for European GNSS systems (hereinafter the ‘Security Accreditation Board’). In respect of such accreditation tasks the Administrative Board should be responsible only for resource and budget matters. Sound governance of the programmes also requires that the tasks of the Administrative Board be compliant with the new missions assigned to the Agency under Article 16 of Regulation (EC) No 683/2008, notably regarding the operation of the Galileo security centre and the instructions given pursuant to Council Joint Action 2004/552/CFSP of 12 July 2004 on aspects of the operation of the European satellite radio-navigation system affecting the security of the European Union (1).

Procedures for the appointment of office-holders should be transparent.

In view of the scope of the tasks entrusted to the Agency, which include security accreditation, the Scientific and Technical Committee set up in accordance with Article 9 of Regulation (EC) No 1321/2004 should be disbanded and the System Security and Safety Committee established in accordance with Article 10 of that Regulation should be replaced by the Security Accreditation Board, which will be responsible for security accreditation, and composed of representatives from the Member States and the Commission. The High Representative for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy (hereinafter the ‘HR’) and the ESA should have an observer role in the Security Accreditation Board.

Security accreditation activities should be carried out independently of the authorities responsible for managing the programmes, notably the Commission, the other bodies of the Agency, the ESA, and other entities responsible for implementing provisions with regard to security. In order to ensure such independence, the Security Accreditation Board should be established as the security accreditation authority for the European GNSS systems (hereinafter the ‘systems’) and for receivers containing PRS technology. It should be an autonomous body which, within the Agency, takes its decisions independently and objectively, in the interest of the citizens.

Given that the Commission, in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 683/2008, manages all aspects relating to system security, and in order to ensure efficient governance of security issues and compliance with the principle of strict division of responsibilities provided for under that Regulation, it is essential that the activities of the Security Accreditation Board be strictly limited to the security accreditation activities of systems and that they do not under any circumstances encroach on the tasks entrusted to the Commission under Article 13 of Regulation (EC) No 683/2008.

The decisions taken by the Commission in accordance with procedures involving the European GNSS Programmes Committee will in no way affect the existing rules on budgetary matters or the specific competence of Member States on security matters.

In accordance with Article 13(4) of Regulation (EC) No 683/2008, in cases where the security of the Union or of the Member States may be affected by the operation of the systems, the procedures set out in Joint Action 2004/552/CFSP apply. In particular, in the event of a threat to the security of the Union or of a Member State arising from the operation or use of the systems, or in the event of a threat to the operation of the systems, in particular as a result of an international crisis, the Council, acting unanimously, is able to decide on the necessary instructions to give to the Agency and to the Commission. Any member of the Council, the HR or the Commission is able to request a Council discussion to agree on such instructions.

In application of the principle of subsidiarity, security accreditation decisions should, following the process defined in the security accreditation strategy, be based on local security accreditation decisions taken by the respective national security accreditation authorities of the Member States.

In order for it to carry out all of its activities quickly and effectively, the Security Accreditation Board should be able to set up appropriate subordinate bodies acting on its instructions. It should accordingly set up a panel to assist it in preparing its decisions and a Crypto Distribution Authority, managing and preparing crypto material issues, including a Flight Key Cell dedicated to operational flight keys for launches, as well as other bodies, if necessary, to deal with specific issues. In doing so, special consideration should be given to the necessary continuity of the work in those bodies.
(24) It is also important for security accreditation activities to be coordinated with the work of the authorities responsible for managing the programmes and other entities responsible for implementing security provisions.

(25) Given the specific nature and complexity of the systems, it is essential for the security accreditation activities to be carried out in a context of collective responsibility for the security of the Union and of the Member States, by making efforts to reach a consensus and by involving all parties with an interest in security, and for permanent risk monitoring. It is also imperative that technical security accreditation activities be entrusted to professionals who are duly qualified in the field of accrediting complex systems and who have an adequate level of security clearance.

(26) In order to ensure that the Security Accreditation Board is able to accomplish its tasks, it should also be provided that Member States supply that Board with any necessary documentation, grant access to classified information and to any areas falling within their jurisdiction to duly authorised persons, and that they should be responsible at local level for the accreditation of the security of areas that are located within their territory.

(27) The systems established within the framework of the programmes are infrastructures the use of which extends well beyond the national boundaries of the Member States, and which are set up as trans-European networks in accordance with the provisions of Article 172 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union. Furthermore, the services provided via such systems contribute to the development of trans-European networks in the areas of transport, telecommunications and energy infrastructures.

(28) The Commission is to assess the budgetary implications of the financing of the Agency for the expenditure heading concerned. On the basis of the information and without prejudice to the relevant legislative procedure, the two arms of the budgetary authority need to achieve, in the framework of budgetary cooperation, a timely agreement on the financing of the Agency. The Union budgetary procedure is applicable to the Union contribution charged to the general budget of the European Union. In addition, auditing of accounts are to be undertaken by the European Court of Auditors in accordance with Title VIII of Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1605/2002.

(29) The Agency should apply the relevant Union legislation concerning public access to documents and the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data. It should also comply with the security principles applicable to the Council and the Commission services.

(30) It should be possible for third countries to participate in the Agency, provided that they have concluded a prior agreement to this effect with the Union, particularly when such countries have been involved in the previous phases of the Galileo programme through their contribution to the Galileosat programme of the ESA.
Since the objectives of this Regulation, namely to establish and ensure the functioning of an agency with responsibility in particular for security accreditation of the systems, cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States and can therefore by reason of the scale and effects of the action, be better achieved at Union level, the Union may adopt measures, in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty on European Union. In accordance with the principle of proportionality as set out in that Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary in order to achieve those objectives.

Since the name of the Agency is to be changed, Regulation (EC) No 683/2008 should be amended accordingly.

Regulation (EC) No 1321/2004 has previously been amended. Considering the amendments that are now being introduced, it is appropriate, for the sake of clarity, to repeal that Regulation and replace it with a new Regulation,

HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

CHAPTER I

SUBJECT, TASKS, BODIES

Article 1

Subject matter

This Regulation sets up a Union agency called the European GNSS Agency (hereinafter the ‘Agency’).

Article 2

Tasks

The tasks of the Agency shall be as set out in Article 14 of Regulation (EU) No 1285/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council (1).

Article 3

Bodies

1. The bodies of the Agency shall be:

(a) the Administrative Board;

(b) the Executive Director;

(c) the Security Accreditation Board for European GNSS systems (the ‘Security Accreditation Board’).

2. The bodies of the Agency shall perform their tasks as specified in Articles 6, 8 and 11 respectively.

3. The Administrative Board and the Executive Director, Security Accreditation Board and its Chairperson, shall cooperate to ensure the operation of the Agency and the coordination of its bodies in accordance with the procedures determined by the Agency’s internal rules, such as the rules of procedure of the Administrative Board, the rules of procedure of the Security Accreditation Board, the financial rules applicable to the Agency, the implementing rules for the status of staff and the rules governing access to documents.

Article 4

Legal status, local offices

1. The Agency shall be a body of the Union. It shall have legal personality.

2. In each of the Member States, the Agency shall enjoy the most extensive legal capacity accorded to legal persons under the law. It may, in particular, acquire or dispose of movable and immovable property and be a party to legal proceedings.

3. The Agency may decide to establish local offices in the Member States, subject to their consent, or in third countries participating in the work of the Agency, in accordance with Article 23.

4. The choice of the location of those offices shall be made on the basis of objective criteria defined to ensure the Agency’s smooth operation.

The provisions relating to the installation and operation of the Agency in the host Member States and host third countries and those relating to advantages accorded by them to the Executive Director, to members of the Administrative Board and the Security Accreditation Board and to Agency staff and members of their families are subject to specific arrangements made by the Agency with those Member States and countries. The specific arrangements shall be approved by the Administrative Board.

5. The host Member States and host third countries shall provide, through the specific arrangements referred to in paragraph 4, the necessary conditions for the smooth operation of the Agency.

6. Subject to point (f) of Article 11a(1), the Agency shall be represented by its Executive Director.

Article 5

Administrative Board

1. An Administrative Board is hereby set up to perform the tasks listed in Article 6.

2. The Administrative Board shall be composed of:

(a) one representative appointed by each Member State;

(b) four representatives appointed by the Commission;

(c) one non-voting representative appointed by the European Parliament.
Members of the Administrative Board and of the Security Accreditation
Board shall be appointed on the basis of their degree of relevant
experience and expertise.

The term of office of the members of the Administrative Board shall be
four years renewable once. The European Parliament, the Commission
and the Member States shall endeavour to limit the turnover of their
representatives on the Administrative Board.

The Chairperson or the Deputy Chairperson of the Security Accredi-
tation Board, a representative of the High Representative of the Union
for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy (the 'HR') and a representative
of the European Space Agency ('ESA') shall be invited to attend the
meetings of the Administrative Board as observers, under the conditions
laid down in the rules of procedure of the Administrative Board.

3. Where appropriate, the participation of representatives of third
countries or international organisations and the conditions therefor
shall be established in the agreements referred to in Article 23(1) and
shall comply with the rules of procedure of the Administrative Board.

4. The Administrative Board shall elect a Chairperson and a Deputy
Chairperson from among its members. The Deputy Chairperson shall
automatically take the place of the Chairperson when the Chairperson is
prevented from attending to his/her duties. The term of office of the
Chairperson and of the Deputy Chairperson shall be two years,
renewable once, and each term of office shall expire when that
person ceases to be a member of the Administrative Board.

The Administrative Board shall have the power to dismiss the Chair-
person, the Deputy Chairperson or both of them.

5. The meetings of the Administrative Board shall be convened by its
Chairperson.

The Executive Director shall normally take part in the deliberations,
unless the Chairperson decides otherwise.

The Administrative Board shall hold an ordinary meeting twice a year.
In addition, it shall meet on the initiative of its Chairperson or at the
request of at least one third of its members.

The Administrative Board may invite any person whose opinion may be
of interest to attend its meetings as an observer. The members of the
Administrative Board may, subject to its rules of procedure, be assisted
by advisers or experts.

The secretariat of the Administrative Board shall be provided by the
Agency.

6. Unless this Regulation provides otherwise, the Administrative
Board shall take its decisions by an absolute majority of its voting
members.

A majority of two-thirds of all voting members shall be required for the
election and dismissal of the Chairperson and Deputy Chairperson of
the Administrative Board as referred to in paragraph 4, and for the
adoption of the budget and work programmes.

7. Each representative of the Member States and of the Commission
shall have one vote. The Executive Director shall not vote. Decisions
based on points (a) and (b) of Article 6(2) and Article 6(5), except for
matters covered by Chapter III, shall not be adopted without a
favourable vote of the representatives of the Commission.
The rules of procedure of the Administrative Board shall establish more detailed voting arrangements, in particular the conditions for a member to act on behalf of another member.

**Article 6**

**Tasks of the Administrative Board**

1. The Administrative Board shall ensure that the Agency performs the work entrusted to it, under the conditions set out in this Regulation, and shall take any necessary decision to that end, without prejudice to the competences entrusted to the Security Accreditation Board for the activities under Chapter III.

2. The Administrative Board shall also:

   (a) adopt, by 30 June of the first year of the multiannual financial framework provided for under Article 312 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, the multiannual work programme of the Agency for the period covered by that multiannual financial framework after incorporating, without any change, the section drafted by the Security Accreditation Board in accordance with point (a) of Article 11(4) and after having received the Commission’s opinion. The European Parliament shall be consulted on this multiannual work programme, provided that the purpose of the consultation is an exchange of views and the outcome is not binding on the Agency;

   (b) adopt, by 15 November each year, the Agency’s work programme for the following year having incorporated, without any change, the section drafted by the Security Accreditation Board, in accordance with point (b) of Article 11(4) and after having received the Commission’s opinion;

   (c) perform the budgetary functions laid down in Article 13(5), (6), (10) and (11) and Article 14(5);

   (d) oversee the operation of the Galileo Security Monitoring Centre as referred to in point (a)(ii) of Article 14(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1285/2013;

   (e) adopt arrangements to implement Regulation (EC) No 1049/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council (1), in accordance with Article 21 of this Regulation;

   (f) approve the arrangements referred to in Article 23(2), after consulting the Security Accreditation Board on those provisions of those arrangements concerning security accreditation;

   (g) adopt technical procedures necessary to perform its tasks;

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(h) adopt the annual report on the activities and prospects of the Agency, having incorporated without any change the section drafted by the Security Accreditation Board in accordance with point (c) of Article 11(4) and forward it, by 1 July, to the European Parliament, the Council, the Commission and the Court of Auditors;

(i) ensure adequate follow-up to the findings and recommendations stemming from the evaluations and audits referred to in Article 26, as well as those arising from the investigations conducted by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) and all internal or external audit reports, and forward to the budgetary authority all information relevant to the outcome of the evaluation procedures;

(j) be consulted by the Executive Director on the delegation agreements referred to in Article 14(2) of Regulation (EU) No 1285/2013 before they are signed;

(k) approve, on the basis of a proposal from the Executive Director, the working arrangements between the Agency and ESA referred to in Article 14(4) of Regulation (EU) No 1285/2013;

(l) approve, on the basis of a proposal from the Executive Director, an anti-fraud strategy;

(m) approve, where necessary and on the basis of proposals from the Executive Director, the Agency’s organisational structures.

(n) adopt and publish its rules of procedure.

3. With regard to the Agency’s staff, the Administrative Board shall exercise the powers conferred by the Staff Regulations of Officials of the European Union (1) (“Staff Regulations”) on the appointing authority and by the Conditions of Employment of Other Servants on the authority empowered to conclude employment contracts (“the powers of the appointing authority”).

The Administrative Board shall adopt, in accordance with the procedure provided for in Article 110 of the Staff Regulations, a decision based on Article 2(1) of the Staff Regulations and on Article 6 of the Conditions of Employment of Other Servants delegating the relevant powers of the appointing authority to the Executive Director and defining the conditions under which this delegation of powers can be suspended. The Executive Director shall report back to the Administrative Board on the exercise of those delegated powers. The Executive Director shall be authorised to sub-delegate those powers.

In application of the second subparagraph of this paragraph, where exceptional circumstances so require, the Administrative Board may, by way of a decision, temporarily suspend the delegation of the powers of the appointing authority to the Executive Director and those sub-delegated by the latter and exercise them itself or delegate them to one of its members or to a staff member other than the Executive Director.

However, by way of derogation from the second subparagraph, the Administrative Board shall be required to delegate to the Chairperson of the Security Accreditation Board the powers referred to in the first subparagraph with regard to the recruitment, assessment and reclassification of staff involved in the activities covered by Chapter III and the disciplinary measures to be taken with regard to such staff.

The Administrative Board shall adopt the implementing measures of the Staff Regulations and the Conditions of Employment of Other Servants in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 110 of the Staff Regulations. It shall first consult the Security Accreditation Board and duly take into account its observations with regard to recruitment, assessment, reclassification of the staff involved in the activities under Chapter III and the relevant disciplinary measures to be taken.

It shall also adopt a decision laying down rules on the secondment of national experts to the Agency. Before adopting that decision, the Administrative Board shall consult the Security Accreditation Board with regard to the secondment of national experts involved in the security accreditation activities referred to in Chapter III and shall duly take account of its observations.

4. The Administrative Board shall appoint the Executive Director and may extend or end his/her term of office pursuant to Article 15b(3) and (4).

5. The Administrative Board shall exercise disciplinary authority over the Executive Director in relation to his/her performance, in particular as regards security matters falling within the competence of the Agency, except in respect of activities undertaken in accordance with Chapter III.

Article 7

Executive Director

The Agency shall be managed by its Executive Director, who shall perform his/her duties under the supervision of the Administrative Board, without prejudice to the powers granted to the Security Accreditation Board and the Chairperson of the Security Accreditation Board in accordance with Articles 11 and 11a respectively.

Without prejudice to the powers of the Commission and the Administrative Board, the Executive Director shall be independent in the performance of his/her duties and shall neither seek nor take instructions from any government or from any other body.

Article 8

Tasks of the Executive Director

The Executive Director shall perform the following tasks:

(a) representing the Agency, except in respect of activities and decisions undertaken in accordance with Chapters II and III and signing the delegation agreements referred to in Article 14(2)(of Regulation (EU) No 1285/2013, in accordance with point (j) of Article 6(2) of this Regulation;
(b) preparing the working arrangements between the Agency and ESA referred to in Article 14(4) of Regulation (EU) No 1285/2013 submitting them to the Administrative Board in accordance with point (k) of Article 6(2) of this Regulation and signing them after receiving the approval of the Administrative Board;

(c) preparing the work of the Administrative Board and participating, without having the right to vote, in the work of the Administrative Board, subject to the second subparagraph of Article 5(5);

(d) implementing the decisions of the Administrative Board;

(e) preparing the multiannual and the annual work programmes of the Agency and submitting them to the Administrative Board for approval, with the exception of the parts prepared and adopted by the Security Accreditation Board in accordance with points (a) and (b) of Article 11(4);

(f) implementing the multiannual and the annual work programmes, with the exception of the parts implemented by the Chairperson of the Security Accreditation Board in accordance with point (b) of Article 11a(1);

(g) preparing a progress report on the implementation of the annual work programme and, where relevant, of the multiannual work programme for each meeting of the Administrative Board, incorporating, without any change, the section prepared by the Chairperson of the Security Accreditation Board, in accordance with point (d) of Article 11a(1);

(h) preparing the annual report on the activities and prospects of the Agency with the exception of the section prepared and approved by the Security Accreditation Board in accordance with point (c) of Article 11(4) concerning the activities covered by Chapter III, and submitting it to the Administrative Board for approval;

(i) taking all necessary measures, including the adoption of internal administrative instructions and the publication of notices, to ensure the functioning of the Agency in accordance with this Regulation;

(j) drawing up a draft statement of the Agency’s estimated revenue and expenditure in accordance with Article 13, and implementing the budget in accordance with Article 14;

(k) ensuring that the Agency, as the operator of the Galileo Security Monitoring Centre, is able to respond to instructions provided under Council Joint Action 2004/552/CFSP (1) and to fulfil its role referred to in Article 6 of Decision No 1104/2011/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council (2);


(l) ensuring the circulation of all relevant information, in particular as regards security, between the bodies of the Agency referred to in Article 3(1) of this Regulation;

(m) communicating to the Commission the view of the Agency on the technical and operational specifications necessary to implement systems evolutions referred to in point (d) of Article 12(3) of Regulation (EU) No 1285/2013, including for the definition of acceptance and review procedures, and research activities in support of those evolutions;

(n) preparing, in close cooperation with the Chairperson of the Security Accreditation Board for matters relating to security accreditation activities covered by Chapter III of this Regulation, the organisational structures of the Agency and submitting them for approval to the Administrative Board;

(o) exercising, with regard to the Agency’s staff, the powers referred to in the first subparagraph of Article 6(3), to the extent that those powers shall be delegated to him/her in accordance with the second subparagraph thereof;

(p) adopting, after approval by the Administrative Board, the measures necessary to establish local offices in Member States or in third countries in accordance with Article 4(3);

(q) ensuring that the secretariat and all the resources necessary for its proper functioning are provided to the Security Accreditation Board, the bodies referred to in Article 11(11) and to the Chairperson of the Security Accreditation Board;

(r) preparing an action plan for ensuring the follow up of the findings and recommendations of the evaluations and audits referred to in Article 26, with the exception of the section of the action plan concerning the activities covered by Chapter III, and submitting, after having incorporated, without any change, the section drafted by the Security Accreditation Board, a twice-yearly progress report to the Commission, which shall also be submitted to the Administrative Board for information;

(s) taking the following measures to protect the financial interests of the Union:

(i) preventive measures against fraud, corruption or any other illegal activity and making use of effective supervisory measures;

(ii) recovering sums unduly paid where irregularities are detected and, where appropriate, applying effective, proportionate and dissuasive administrative and financial penalties;

(t) drawing up an anti-fraud strategy for the Agency that is proportionate to the risk of fraud, having regard to a cost-benefit analysis of the measures to be implemented and taking into account findings and recommendations arising from OLAF investigations and submitting it to the Administrative Board for approval.
Article 8a

Work programmes and annual report

1. The multiannual work programme of the Agency, referred to in point (a) of Article 6(2) shall lay down the actions to be performed by the Agency during the period covered by the multiannual financial framework provided for in Article 312 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, including actions associated with international relations and the communication for which it is responsible. That programme shall set out overall strategic programming, including objectives, milestones, expected results and performance indicators, and resource programming, including the human and financial resources assigned to each activity. It shall take into account the evaluations and audits referred to in Article 26 of this Regulation. For information purposes, the multiannual work programme shall also include a description of the transfer of tasks entrusted to the Agency by the Commission, including the programme management tasks referred to in Article 14(2) of Regulation (EU) No 1285/2013.

2. The annual work programme referred to in point (b) of Article 6(2) of this Regulation shall be based on the multiannual work programme. It shall lay down the actions to be performed by the Agency during the year ahead, including actions associated with international relations and the communication for which it is responsible. The annual work programme shall comprise detailed objectives and expected results, including performance indicators. It shall clearly indicate which tasks have been added, changed or deleted in comparison to the previous financial year and changes in performance indicators and their targets values. The programme shall also set out the human and financial resources assigned to each activity. For information purposes, it shall include the tasks entrusted to the Agency by the Commission by means of a delegation agreement, as required, pursuant to Article 14(2) of Regulation (EU) No 1285/2013.

3. The Executive Director shall, following adoption by the Administrative Board, forward the multiannual and the annual work programmes to the European Parliament, the Council, the Commission and the Member States and shall publish an executive summary thereof.

4. The annual report referred to in Article 8(h) of this Regulation shall include information on:

(a) the implementation of the multiannual and the annual work programmes, including with regard to the performance indicators;

(b) the implementation of the budget and staff policy plan;

(c) the Agency’s management and internal control systems and on progress made in implementing the project management systems and techniques referred to in Article 11(e) of Regulation (EU) No 1285/2013;

(d) any measures to improve the Agency’s environmental performance;
(e) internal and external audit findings and the follow-up to the audit recommendations and to the discharge recommendation;

(f) the statement of assurance of the Executive Director.

An executive summary of the annual report shall be made public.

CHAPTER II

ASPECTS RELATING TO THE SECURITY OF THE EUROPEAN UNION OR OF THE MEMBER STATES

Article 9

Joint Action

1. In accordance with Article 16 of Regulation (EU) No 1285/2013, whenever the security of the Union or of the Member States may be affected by the operation of the systems, the procedures set out in Joint Action 2004/552/CFSP shall apply.

2. The security accreditation decisions taken pursuant to Chapter III, as well as the residual risks identified, shall be communicated by the Commission to the Council for information.

CHAPTER III

SECURITY ACCREDITATION FOR EUROPEAN GNSS SYSTEMS

Article 10

General principles

The security accreditation activities for European GNSS systems referred to in this Chapter shall be carried out in accordance with the following principles:

(a) security accreditation activities and decisions shall be undertaken in a context of collective responsibility for the security of the Union and of the Member States;

(b) efforts shall be made for decisions to be reached by consensus;

(c) security accreditation activities shall be carried out using a risk assessment and management approach, considering risks to the security of the European GNSS systems as well as the impact on cost or schedule of any measure to mitigate the risks, taking into account the objective not to lower the general level of security of the systems;

(d) security accreditation decisions shall be prepared and taken by professionals who are duly qualified in the field of accrediting complex systems, who have an appropriate level of security clearance, and who shall act objectively;

(e) efforts shall be made to consult all relevant parties with an interest in security issues;
(f) security accreditation activities shall be executed by all relevant stakeholders according to a security accreditation strategy without prejudice to the role of the European Commission defined in Regulation (EU) No 1285/2013;

(g) security accreditation decisions shall, following the process defined in the relevant security accreditation strategy, be based on local security accreditation decisions taken by the respective national security accreditation authorities of the Member States;

(h) a permanent, transparent and fully understandable monitoring process shall ensure that the security risks for European GNSS systems are known, that security measures are defined to reduce such risks to an acceptable level in view of the security needs of the Union and of its Member States and for the smooth running of the programmes and that those measures are applied in accordance with the concept of defence in depth. The effectiveness of such measures shall be continuously evaluated. The process relating to security risk assessment and management shall be conducted as an iterative process jointly by the stakeholders of the programmes;

(i) security accreditation decisions shall be taken in a strictly independent manner, including with regard to the Commission and other bodies responsible for the implementation of the programmes and for service provision, as well as with regard to the Executive Director and the Administrative Board of the Agency;

(j) security accreditation activities shall be carried out with due regard for the need for adequate coordination between the Commission and the authorities responsible for implementing security provisions;

(k) EU classified information shall be handled and protected by all stakeholders involved in the implementation of the programmes in accordance with the basic principles and minimum standards set out in the Council’s and the Commission’s respective security rules on the protection of EU classified information.

Article 11

Security Accreditation Board

1. A Security Accreditation Board for European GNSS systems (the ‘Security Accreditation Board’) is hereby set up to perform the tasks set out in this Article.

2. The Security Accreditation Board shall perform its tasks without prejudice to the responsibility entrusted to the Commission by Regulation (EU) No 1285/2013, in particular for matters relating to security, and without prejudice to the competences of the Member States as regards security accreditation.

3. As security accreditation authority, the Security Accreditation Board shall, with regard to security accreditation for the European GNSS systems, be responsible for:

(a) defining and approving a security accreditation strategy setting out:

(i) the scope of the activities necessary to perform and maintain the accreditation of the European GNSS systems and their potential interconnection with other systems;
(ii) a security accreditation process for the European GNSS systems with a degree of detail commensurate with the required level of assurance and clearly stating the approval conditions; that process shall be performed in accordance with the relevant requirements, in particular those referred to in Article 13 of Regulation (EU) No 1285/2013;

(iii) the role of relevant stakeholders involved in the accreditation process;

(iv) an accreditation schedule compliant with the phases of the programmes, in particular as regards the deployment of infrastructure, service provision and evolution;

(v) the principles of the security accreditation for networks connected to the systems and PRS equipment connected to the system established under the Galileo programme to be performed by national entities of the Member States competent in security matters;

(b) taking security accreditation decisions, in particular on the approval of satellite launches, the authorisation to operate the systems in their different configurations and for the various services up to and including the signal in space, and the authorisation to operate the ground stations. As regards the networks and PRS equipment connected to the system established under the Galileo programme, the Security Accreditation Board shall take decisions only on the authorisation of bodies to develop and manufacture PRS receivers or PRS security modules, taking into account the advice provided by national entities competent in security matters and the overall security risks;

(c) examining and, except as regards documents which the Commission is to adopt under Article 13 of Regulation (EU) No 1285/2013 and Article 8 of Decision No 1104/2011/EU, approving all documentation relating to security accreditation;

(d) advising, within its field of competence, the Commission in the elaboration of draft texts for acts referred to in Article 13 of Regulation (EU) No 1285/2013 and Article 8 of Decision No 1104/2011/EU, including for the establishment of security operating procedures (SecOps), and providing a statement with its concluding position;

(e) examining and approving the security risk assessment developed in accordance with the monitoring process referred to in Article 10(h), taking into account compliance with the documents referred to in point (c) of this paragraph and those developed in accordance with Article 13 of Regulation (EU) No 1285/2013 and Article 8 of Decision No 1104/2011/EU; cooperating with the Commission to define risk mitigation measures;

(f) checking the implementation of security measures in relation to the security accreditation of the European GNSS systems by undertaking or sponsoring security assessments, inspections or reviews, in accordance with Article 12(b) of this Regulation;

(g) endorsing the selection of approved products and measures which protect against electronic eavesdropping (TEMPEST) and of approved cryptographic products used to provide security for the European GNSS systems;
(h) approving or, where relevant, participating in the joint approval of, together with the relevant entity competent in security matters, the interconnection of the European GNSS systems with other systems;

(i) agreeing with the relevant Member State the template for access control referred to in Article 12(c);

(j) on the basis of the risk reports referred to in paragraph 11 of this Article, informing the Commission of its risk assessment and providing advice to the Commission on residual risk treatment options for a given security accreditation decision;

(k) assisting, in close liaison with the Commission, the Council in the implementation of Joint Action 2004/552/CFSP upon a specific request of the Council;

(l) carrying out the consultations which are necessary to perform its tasks.

4. The Security Accreditation Board shall also:

(a) prepare and approve that part of the multiannual work programme referred to in Article 8a(1) concerning the operational activities covered by this Chapter and the financial and human resources needed to accomplish those activities, and submit it to the Administrative Board in good time so that it can be incorporated in the multiannual work programme;

(b) prepare and approve that part of the annual work programme referred to in Article 8a(2) concerning the operational activities covered by this Chapter and the financial and human resources needed to accomplish those activities, and submit it to the Administrative Board in good time so that it can be incorporated in the annual work programme;

(c) prepare and approve that part of the annual report referred to in point (h) of Article 6(2) concerning the Agency’s activities and prospects covered by this Chapter and the financial and human resources needed to accomplish those activities and prospects, and submit it to the Administrative Board in good time so that it can be incorporated in the annual report;

(d) adopt and publish its rules of procedure.

5. The Commission shall keep the Security Accreditation Board continuously informed of the impact of any decisions envisaged by the Security Accreditation Board on the proper conduct of the programmes and of the implementation of residual risk treatment plans. The Security Accreditation Board shall take note of any such opinion of the Commission.

6. The decisions of the Security Accreditation Board shall be addressed to the Commission.
7. The Security Accreditation Board shall be composed of one representative of each Member State, a representative of the Commission and a representative of the HR. The Member States, the Commission and the HR shall endeavour to limit the turnover of their respective representatives on the Security Accreditation Board. The term of office of the members of the Security Accreditation Board shall be four years and shall be renewable. A representative of ESA shall be invited to attend the meetings of the Security Accreditation Board as an observer. On an exceptional basis, representatives of third countries or international organisations may also be invited to attend meetings as observers for matters directly relating to those third countries or international organisations. Arrangements for such participation of representatives of third countries or international organisations and the conditions therefor shall be established in the agreements referred to in Article 23(1) and shall comply with the rules of procedure of the Security Accreditation Board.

8. The Security Accreditation Board shall elect a Chairperson and Deputy Chairperson from among its members by a two-thirds majority of all members with the right to vote. The Deputy Chairperson shall automatically take the place of the Chairperson when the Chairperson is prevented from attending to his/her duties.

The Security Accreditation Board shall have the power to dismiss the Chairperson, the Deputy Chairperson or both of them. It shall adopt the decision to dismiss by a two-thirds majority.

The term of office of the Chairperson and of the Deputy Chairperson of the Security Accreditation Board shall be two years renewable once. The term of office of either person shall end if he or she ceases to be a member of the Security Accreditation Board.

9. The Security Accreditation Board shall have access to all the human and material resources required to provide appropriate administrative support functions and to enable it, together with the bodies referred to in paragraph 11, to perform its tasks independently, in particular when handling files, initiating and monitoring the implementation of security procedures and performing system security audits, preparing decisions and organising its meetings. It shall also have access to any information needed for the performance of its tasks in the possession of the Agency, without prejudice to the principles of autonomy and independence referred to in Article 10(i).

10. The Security Accreditation Board and the Agency staff under its supervision shall perform their work in a manner ensuring autonomy and independence in relation to the other activities of the Agency, in particular operational activities associated with the exploitation of the systems, in accordance with the objectives of the programmes. To that end, an effective organisational division shall be established within the Agency between the staff involved in activities covered by this Chapter and the other staff of the Agency. The Security Accreditation Board shall immediately inform the Executive Director, the Administrative Board and the Commission of any circumstances that could hamper its autonomy or independence. In the event that no remedy is found within the Agency, the Commission shall examine the situation, in consultation with the relevant parties. On the basis of the outcome of that examination, the Commission shall take appropriate mitigation measures to be implemented by the Agency, and shall inform the European Parliament and the Council thereof.
11. The Security Accreditation Board shall set up special subordinate bodies, acting on its instructions, to deal with specific issues. In particular, while ensuring necessary continuity of work, it shall set up a panel to conduct security analysis reviews and tests to produce the relevant risk reports in order to assist it in preparing its decisions. The Security Accreditation Board may set up and disband expert groups to contribute to the work of the panel.

12. Without prejudice to the competence of the Member States and of the task of the Agency referred to in point (a)(i) of Article 14(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1285/2013, during the deployment phase of the Galileo programme, a group of experts of the Member States shall be set up under the supervision of the Security Accreditation Board to perform the tasks of the Crypto Distribution Authority (CDA) relating to the management of EU cryptographic material in particular for:

(i) the management of flights keys and other keys necessary for the functioning of the system established under the Galileo programme;

(ii) the verification of the establishment and the enforcement of procedures for accounting, secure handling, storage and distribution of PRS keys.

13. If consensus according to the general principles referred to in Article 10 of this Regulation cannot be reached, the Security Accreditation Board shall take decisions on the basis of majority voting, as provided for in Article 16 of the Treaty on European Union and without prejudice to Article 9 of this Regulation. The representative of the Commission and the representative of the HR shall not vote. The Chairperson of the Security Accreditation Board shall sign, on behalf of the Security Accreditation Board, the decisions adopted by the Security Accreditation Board.

14. The Commission shall keep the European Parliament and the Council informed, without undue delay, of the impact of the adoption of the security accreditation decisions on the proper conduct of the programmes. If the Commission considers that a decision taken by the Security Accreditation Board may have a significant effect on the proper conduct of the programmes, for example in terms of costs, schedule or performance, it shall immediately inform the European Parliament and the Council.

15. Taking into account the views of the European Parliament and of the Council, which should be expressed within one month, the Commission may adopt any adequate measures in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1285/2013.

16. The Administrative Board shall be periodically kept informed of the evolution of the work of the Security Accreditation Board.

17. The timetable for the work of the Security Accreditation Board shall respect the annual work programme referred to in Article 27 of Regulation (EU) No 1285/2013.

Article 11a

Tasks of the Chairperson of the Security Accreditation Board

1. The Chairperson of the Security Accreditation Board shall perform the following tasks:
(a) managing security accreditation activities under the supervision of the Security Accreditation Board;

(b) implementing the part of the Agency’s multiannual and annual work programmes covered by this Chapter under the supervision of the Security Accreditation Board;

(c) cooperating with the Executive Director to help to draw up the draft establishment plan referred to in Article 13(3) and the organisational structures of the Agency;

(d) preparing the section of the progress report referred to in Article 8(g) concerning the operational activities covered by this Chapter, and submitting it to the Security Accreditation Board and the Executive Director in good time so that it can be incorporated in the progress report;

(e) preparing the section of the annual report and of the action plan referred to in Article 8(h) and (r) respectively, concerning the operational activities covered by this Chapter, and submitting it to the Executive Director in good time;

(f) representing the Agency for the activities and decisions covered by this Chapter;

(g) exercising, with regard to the Agency’s staff involved in the activities concerned by this Chapter, the powers referred to in first subparagraph of Article 6(3), delegated to him/her in accordance with the fourth subparagraph of Article 6(3).

2. For activities covered by this Chapter, the European Parliament and the Council may call upon the Chairperson of the Security Accreditation Board for an exchange of views on the work and prospects of the Agency before those institutions, including with regard to the multiannual and the annual work programmes.

Article 12

Role of Member States

Member States shall:

(a) transmit to the Security Accreditation Board all information they consider relevant for the purposes of security accreditation;

(b) permit duly authorised persons appointed by the Security Accreditation Board, in agreement with and under the supervision of national entities competent in security matters, to have access to any information and to any areas and/or sites related to the security of systems falling within their jurisdiction, in accordance with their national laws and regulations, and without any discrimination on ground of nationality of nationals of Member States, including for the purposes of security audits and tests as decided by the Security Accreditation Board and of the security risk monitoring process referred to in Article 10(h). These audits and tests shall be performed in accordance with the following principles:

(i) the importance of security and effective risk management within the entities inspected shall be emphasised;
(ii) countermeasures to mitigate the specific impact of loss of confidentiality, integrity or availability of classified information shall be recommended;

(c) each be responsible for devising a template for access control, which is to outline or list the areas/sites to be accredited, and which shall be agreed in advance between the Member States and the Security Accreditation Board, thereby ensuring that the same level of access control is being provided by all Member States;

(d) be responsible, at local level, for the accreditation of the security of areas that are located within their territory and form part of the security accreditation area for European GNSS systems, and report, to this end, to the Security Accreditation Board.

CHAPTER IV
BUDGETARY AND FINANCIAL PROVISIONS

Article 13

Budget

1. Without prejudice to other resources and dues yet to be defined, revenue of the Agency shall include a Union subsidy entered in the general budget of the European Union in order to ensure a balance between revenue and expenditure.

2. The expenditure of the Agency shall cover staff, administrative and infrastructure expenditure, operating costs and expenditure associated with the functioning of the Security Accreditation Board, including the bodies referred to in Article 11(11), and the contracts and agreements concluded by the Agency in order to accomplish the tasks entrusted to it.

3. The Executive Director shall, in close collaboration with the Chairperson of the Security Accreditation Board for activities covered by Chapter III, draw up a draft estimate of expenditure and revenue of the Agency for the next financial year, making clear the distinction between those elements of the draft statement of estimates which relate to security accreditation activities and the other activities of the Agency. The Chairperson of the Security Accreditation Board may write a statement on that draft and the Executive Director shall forward both the draft estimate and the statement to the Administrative Board and the Security Accreditation Board, accompanied by a draft establishment plan.

4. Revenue and expenditure shall be in balance.

5. Each year, the Administrative Board, based on the draft estimate of expenditure and revenue and in close cooperation with the Security Accreditation Board for activities covered by Chapter III, shall draw up the estimate of the Agency’s revenue and expenditure for the next financial year.

6. The Administrative Board shall, by 31 March, forward the statement of estimates, which shall include a draft establishment plan together with the provisional annual work programme, to the
Commission and to the third countries or international organisations with which the Union has concluded agreements in accordance with Article 23(1).

7. The statement of estimates shall be forwarded by the Commission to the European Parliament and to the Council (hereinafter the ‘budgetary authority’) together with the draft general budget of the European Union.

8. On the basis of the statement of estimates, the Commission shall enter in the draft general budget of the European Union the estimates it deems necessary for the establishment plan and the amount of the subsidy to be charged to the general budget, which it shall place before the budgetary authority in accordance with Article 314 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union.

9. The budgetary authority shall authorise the appropriations for the subsidy to the Agency and shall adopt the establishment plan for the Agency.

10. The budget shall be adopted by the Administrative Board. It shall become final following definitive adoption of the general budget of the European Union. Where appropriate, it shall be adjusted accordingly.

11. The Administrative Board shall, as soon as possible, notify the budgetary authority of its intention to implement any project which will have significant financial implications for the funding of the budget, in particular any projects relating to property such as the rental or purchase of buildings. It shall inform the Commission thereof.

12. Where a branch of the budgetary authority has notified its intention to deliver an opinion, it shall forward its opinion to the Administrative Board within a period of 6 weeks from the date of notification of the project.

Article 14

Implementation and control of the budget

1. The Executive Director shall implement the budget of the Agency.

2. By 1 March following each financial year, the accounting officer of the Agency shall communicate the provisional accounts to the Commission’s accounting officer, together with a report on the budgetary and financial management for that financial year. The Commission’s accounting officer shall consolidate the provisional accounts of the institutions and decentralised bodies in accordance with Article 128 of Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1605/2002.

3. By 31 March following each financial year, the Commission’s accounting officer shall forward the provisional accounts of the Agency to the Court of Auditors, together with a report on the budgetary and financial management for that financial year. The report shall also be forwarded to the European Parliament and the Council.

4. On receipt of the Court of Auditors’ observations on the provisional accounts of the Agency, under Article 129 of Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1605/2002, the Executive Director shall draw up the final accounts of the Agency under his own responsibility and submit them to the Administrative Board for an opinion.

5. The Administrative Board shall deliver an opinion on the final accounts of the Agency.
6. The Executive Director shall, by 1 July following each financial year, forward the final accounts to the European Parliament, the Council, the Commission and the Court of Auditors, together with the Administrative Board’s opinion.

7. The final accounts shall be published.

8. The Executive Director shall send the Court of Auditors a reply to its observations by 30 September. He shall also send this reply to the Administrative Board.

9. The Executive Director shall submit to the European Parliament, at the latter’s request, all information necessary for the smooth application of the discharge procedure for the financial year in question, as laid down in Article 146(3) of Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1605/2002.

10. The European Parliament, upon a recommendation from the Council acting by a qualified majority, shall, before 30 April of the year N + 2, grant discharge to the Executive Director in respect of the implementation of the budget for year N, with the exception of the part of the budget implementation covering tasks which are, where appropriate, entrusted to the Agency under Article 14(2) of Regulation (EU) No 1285/2013 to which the procedure referred to in Articles 164 and 165 of Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council shall apply (1).

Article 15

Financial provisions

The financial rules applicable to the Agency shall be adopted by the Administrative Board after the Commission has been consulted. They may not depart from Commission Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 2343/2002 of 19 November 2002 on the framework Financial Regulation for the bodies referred to in Article 185 of Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1605/2002 on the Financial Regulation applicable to the general budget of the European Communities (2) unless such departure is specifically required for the operation of the Agency and the Commission has given its prior consent.

CHAPTER IVa

HUMAN RESOURCES

Article 15a

Staff

1. The Staff Regulations of Officials of the European Union, the Conditions of Employment of Other Servants and the rules adopted jointly by the institutions of the Union for the purposes of the application of those Staff Regulations and Conditions of Employment shall apply to the staff employed by the Agency.

2. The staff of the Agency shall consist of servants recruited by the Agency as necessary to perform its tasks. They shall have security clearances appropriate to the classification of the information they are handling.

3. The Agency’s internal rules, such as the rules of procedure of the Administrative Board, the rules of procedure of the Security Accreditation Board, the financial rules applicable to the Agency, the rules for the application of the staff regulations and the rules for access to documents, shall ensure the autonomy and independence of staff performing the security accreditation activities vis-à-vis staff performing the other activities of the Agency, pursuant to Article 10(i).

**Article 15b**

**Appointment and Term of Office of the Executive Director**

1. The Executive Director shall be recruited as a temporary member of staff of the Agency in accordance with Article 2(a) of the Conditions of Employment of Other Servants.

2. The Executive Director shall be appointed by the Administrative Board on the grounds of merit and documented administrative and managerial skills, as well as relevant competence and experience, from a list of candidates proposed by the Commission, after an open and transparent competition, following the publication of a call for expressions of interest in the *Official Journal of the European Union* or elsewhere.

The candidate selected by the Administrative Board may be invited at the earliest opportunity to make a statement before the European Parliament and to answer questions from its Members.

The Chairperson of the Administrative Board shall represent the Agency for the purpose of concluding the Executive Director’s contract.

The Administrative Board shall take its decision to appoint the Executive Director by a two-thirds majority of its members.

3. The term of office of the Executive Director shall be five years. At the end of that term of office, the Commission shall carry out an assessment of the Executive Director’s performance taking into account the future tasks and challenges of the Agency.

On the basis of a proposal from the Commission, taking into account the assessment referred to in the first subparagraph, the Administrative Board may extend the term of office of the Executive Director once for a period of up to four years.

Any decision to extend the term of office of the Executive Director shall be adopted by a two-thirds majority of members of the Administrative Board.

An Executive Director whose term of office has been extended may not thereafter take part in a selection procedure for the same post.
The Administrative Board shall inform the European Parliament of its intention to extend the Executive Director’s term of office. Before the extension, the Executive Director may be invited to make a statement before the relevant committees of the European Parliament and answer Members’ questions.

4. The Administrative Board may dismiss the Executive Director, on the basis of a proposal of the Commission or of one third of its members, by means of a decision adopted by a two-thirds majority of its members.

5. The European Parliament and the Council may call upon the Executive Director for an exchange of views on the work and prospects of the Agency before those institutions, including with regard to the multiannual and the annual work programme. That exchange of views shall not touch upon matters relating to the security accreditation activities covered by Chapter III.

Article 15c

Seconded national experts

The Agency may also use national experts. These experts shall have security clearances appropriate to the classification of the information they are handling. The Staff Regulations and the Conditions of Employments of Other Servants shall not apply to such staff.

CHAPTER V

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Article 16

Prevention of fraud

1. In order to combat fraud, corruption and any other illegal activities, Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council (1) shall apply to the Agency without restriction. To that end, the Agency shall accede to the Interinstitutional Agreement of 25 May 1999 between the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission of the European Communities concerning internal investigations by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) (2) and shall issue the appropriate provisions to the staff of the Agency and to seconded national experts using the model decision in the Annex to that Agreement.

2. The Court of Auditors shall have the authority to supervise beneficiaries of the Agency’s funding as well as contractors and subcontractors who have received Union funds through the Agency, on the basis of documents provided to it or using on-the-spot checks.

3. With regard to grants financed or contracts awarded by the Agency, OLAF may carry out investigations, including on-the-spot checks and inspections in accordance with Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 and Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 (1), in order to combat fraud, corruption and any other illegal activity detrimental to the Union’s financial interests.

4. Without prejudice to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this Article, the cooperation agreements concluded by the Agency with third countries or international organisations, contracts and grant agreements concluded by the Agency with third parties, and any financing decision taken by the Agency shall provide expressly that the Court of Auditors and OLAF may carry out checks and investigations in accordance with their respective powers.

Article 17
Privileges and immunities

Protocol No 7 on the Privileges and Immunities of the European Union annexed to the Treaty on European Union and to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union shall apply to the Agency and to its staff referred to in Article 15a.

Article 19
Liability

1. The contractual liability of the Agency shall be governed by the law applicable to the contract in question. The Court of Justice shall have jurisdiction to give judgment pursuant to any arbitration clause contained in a contract concluded by the Agency.

2. In the event of non-contractual liability, the Agency shall, in accordance with the general principles common to the laws of the Member States, make good any damage caused by its departments or by its servants in the performance of their duties.

3. The Court of Justice shall have jurisdiction in any dispute relating to compensation for damage referred to in paragraph 2.

4. The personal liability of its servants towards the Agency shall be governed by the provisions laid down in the Staff Regulations or Conditions of employment applicable to them.

Article 20
Languages

1. The provisions laid down in Regulation No 1 of 15 April 1958 determining the languages to be used in the European Economic Community (2) shall apply to the Agency.

(2) OJ 17, 6.10.1958, p. 385/58.
2. The translation services required for the functioning of the Agency shall be provided by the Translation Centre for the bodies of the European Union.

Article 21

Access to documents and protection of data of a personal character


2. The Administrative Board shall adopt arrangements for implementing Regulation (EC) No 1049/2001 within 6 months from the entry into force of this Regulation.

3. Decisions taken by the Agency in pursuance of Article 8 of Regulation (EC) No 1049/2001 may be the subject of a complaint to the Ombudsman or an action before the Court of Justice of the European Union, under Articles 228 and 263 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union respectively.

4. When processing data relating to individuals, the Agency shall be subject to the provisions of Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2000 on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data by the Community institutions and bodies and on the free movement of such data (²).

Article 22

Security rules on the protection of classified or sensitive information

1. The Agency shall apply the Commission’s security rules regarding the protection of EU classified information.

2. The Agency may establish, in its internal rules, provisions for the handling of non-classified but sensitive information. Such provisions shall cover, inter alia, the exchange, handling and storage thereof.

Article 22a

Conflicts of interest

1. Members of the Administrative Board and of the Security Accreditation Board, the Executive Director, as well as seconded national experts and observers, shall make a declaration of commitments and a declaration of interests indicating the absence or existence of any direct or indirect interests which might be considered prejudicial to their independence. Those declarations shall be accurate and complete. They shall be made in writing upon their entry into service and shall be renewed annually. They shall be updated whenever necessary, in particular in the event of relevant changes in the personal circumstances of the persons concerned.

¹ OJ L 145, 31.5.2001, p. 43.
2. Before any meeting which they are to attend, Members of the Administrative Board and of the Security Accreditation Board, the Executive Director, as well as seconded national experts and observers and external experts participating in ad hoc working groups shall accurately and completely declare the absence or existence of any interest which might be considered prejudicial to their independence in relation to any items on the agenda, and shall abstain from participating in the discussion of and voting upon such points.

3. The Administrative Board and the Security Accreditation Board shall lay down, in their rules of procedure, the practical arrangements for the rule on declaration of interest referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 and for the prevention and the management of conflict of interest.

Article 23

Participation of third countries and international organisations

1. The Agency shall be open to the participation of third countries and international organisations. Such participation and the conditions therefor shall be established in an agreement between the Union and that third country or international organisation, in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 218 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union.

2. In accordance with the relevant provisions of those agreements, practical arrangements shall be developed for the participation of third countries or international organisations in the work of the Agency, including arrangements relating to their participation in the initiatives undertaken by the Agency, to financial contributions and to staff.

Article 23a

Joint procurement with the Member States

For the performance of its tasks, the Agency shall be authorised to award contracts jointly with the Member States in accordance with Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 1268/2012 (1).

Article 25

Repeal and validity of measures taken

Regulation (EC) No 1321/2004 is hereby repealed. References to the repealed Regulation shall be construed as references to this Regulation. Any measure adopted on the basis of Regulation (EC) No 1321/2004 shall remain valid.

Article 26

Revision, evaluation and audit

1. By 31 December 2016, and every five years thereafter, the Commission shall evaluate the Agency concerning, in particular, its impact, effectiveness, smooth running, working methods, requirements and use of the resources entrusted to it. The evaluation shall include, in particular, an assessment of any change in the scope or nature of the Agency’s tasks and the financial impact thereof. It shall address the application of the Agency’s policy on conflicts of interest and it shall also reflect any circumstances that may have impaired the independence and autonomy of the Security Accreditation Board.

2. The Commission shall submit a report on the evaluation and its conclusions to the European Parliament, the Council, the Administrative Board and the Security Accreditation Board of the Agency. The results of the evaluation shall be made available to the public.

3. One evaluation in two shall include an inspection of the Agency’s balance sheet in terms of its objectives and tasks. If the Commission considers that the continuation of the Agency is no longer justified with regard to the objectives and tasks assigned to it, the Commission may, where appropriate, propose that this Regulation be repealed.

4. External audits on the performance of the Agency may be carried out at the request of the Administrative Board or the Commission.

Article 27

Entry into force

This Regulation shall enter into force on the 20th day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.